



AEU-2

**TULUTTUT PIGINNAASANIK MISILITSINNEQ /
ENGELSK FÆRDIGHEDSPRØVE JANUAR 2017**

Piffissami nal. Ak/Tidspunkt.:

13.00 - 14.00

Ulloq misilitsiffik/Dato:

Pingasunngorneq / onsdag den 11. januar 2017

Ikiutitut atorpeqarsinnaasut / Hjælpemidler:

Qallunaatut - Tuluttut / Dansk - Engelsk

Tuluttut - Qallunaatut / Engelsk - Dansk

Kalaallisut - Qallunaatut / Grønlandsk - Dansk

Qallunaatut - Kalaallisut / Dansk - Grønlandsk

Qarasaasiaq / Computer

Interneti atorneqaqqusaanngilaq / Internetadgang må IKKE bruges

Misilitsinnerup sivilissusaa / Varighed:

Akunneq ataaseq / 1 time

Atuartup aqqa / Kursistens navn:

Cpr. Nr. :

Majoriaq:

Nakkutilliisup atsiornera / Prøvevagtens navn:

Piffissaq tunniussiffik / Tidspunkt for aflevering:

1 A)

Insert a, an or the.

Indsæt a, an or the.

a, an imaluunniit the ikkutiguk.

Example:

The girl suffered from an illness.

1. Football is _____ very popular sport in Greenland.
2. Taatsiaq is _____ youngest boy in his family.
3. Larsine bought _____ enormous icecream.
4. _____ Hans Egede hotel is a famous 4-star in Nuuk.
5. All the football players asked for _____ bottle of water.



1 B)

Insert the noun in singular or plural form.

Indsæt navneordet i ental eller flertal.

Taggit ataasersiutinngorlugu imaluunniit qasseersiutinngorlugu ikkutiguk.

Example:

The old man had 10 dogs. (dog)

1. The _____ were pleased with their new facilities. (child)
2. Gudmund cuts the potatoes into two _____. (half)
3. Even football players like to drink fizzy _____. (drink)
4. The kindergarden has a nice _____. (playground)
5. The _____ is mine. (boat)



2 A)

Insert do, does, or did so that the questions fit the answers.

Indsæt do, does eller did, så spørgsmålene passer til svarene.

do, does imaluunniit did ikkutiguk, akissutit apeqqutinut naapertuuttunngortillugit.



Example:

" Do you know Nuka?" - "Yes, I know him very well!"

1. " _____ Nuka play football when he was a child?" - "Yes, he played football every day".
2. " _____ he still play football now?" - "Yes, he sometimes plays football".
3. " _____ he get any other kind of exercise now?" - "No, not really".
4. " _____ he play football last year?" - "He only played very little last year".
5. "Why _____ he stop playing football last year?" - "Because he broke his leg".
6. " _____ you know how he broke his leg?" - "I know that he fell down some stairs".
7. " _____ his brothers play football when they were children?" - "Yes, I think they both played".
8. " _____ they still play football now?" - "Well, they sometimes play".
9. " _____ Nuka score any goals yesterday?" - "Yes, he scored two goals".
10. " _____ you often score goals?" - "No, I rarely score a goal".

2 B)

Insert the verb in present tense.

Indsæt udsagnsordet i nutid.

Oqaluut maannakkumut pisunngortillugu ikkutiguk.



Example:

Hans works twice a week. (work)

1. The school _____ an excellent playground. (have)
2. The children _____ to play outside. (love)
3. The boy _____ fish and chips. (hate)
4. Jakob _____ his hometown and his family every month. (visit)
5. The children _____ the red outfit. (choose)
6. The coach _____ to do his best. (try)
7. The girl _____ falling all the time. (keep)
8. The little boys often _____ to stand in a line before their matches. (forget)
9. The man often _____ his temper. (lose)
10. The lady _____ her grandson at every football match he plays. (watch)

2 C)

Insert the verb in past tense.

Indsæt udsagnsordet i datid.

Oqaluut qanga pisunngortillugu ikkutiguk.



Example:

They walked all the way to the top of the mountain. (walk)

1. The helicopter _____ new supplies. (bring)
2. They _____ all the way to Upernavik. (sail)
3. He _____ the apple in no time. (eat)
4. The vegetables _____ expensive. (be)
5. The girls _____ new equipment for their weekly training. (want)
6. They _____ a lot of money for the journey. (pay)
7. Greenland _____ many medals at the Arctic Winter Games 2016. (win)
8. During the summer they _____ across the fjord. (swim)
9. Mannguaq _____ a dog sledge on the paper. (draw)
10. The little girl _____ her puppies. (love)

3)

Insert the correct pronoun: I, you, he, she, it, we, they, my, your, his, her, its, our or their - so that the questions fit the answers (Notice: you will only need some of the words).

Indsæt det korrekte stedord: I, you, he, she, it, we, they, my, your, his, her, its, our eller their - så spørgsmålene passer til svarene. (Bemærk: du skal kun bruge nogle af ordene).

Taggisit taartissaat eqqortoq ikkutiguk: I, you, he, she, it, we, they, my, your, his, her, its, our eller their - akissutit apeqqutinut naapertuuttunngorlugit. (Malugiuk: oqaatsit ilaannai atortussaavatit).



Example:

“Does your sister like skiing?” - “Yes, she likes it a lot!”

1. “Do you ever go skiing with your sister?” - “Yes, _____ often go skiing together”
2. “Do your brothers like it, too?” - “No, _____ do not really like it”
3. “What about your father?” - “Well, I think _____ is too old for skiing”
4. “What is your father’s excuse for not coming with you?” - “_____ excuse is that skiing is boring”
5. “What happened to your two friends last year?” - “They both broke _____ skies”

4)

Insert the correct form of the adjective or adverb.

Indsæt den korrekte form af tillægsordet eller biordet.

Pissusilerissut imaluunniit oqaaseeraq eqqortoq
ikkutiguk.



Example:

We dined in a restaurant that was finer than the other ones. (fine/finer/finest)

1. Yesterday evening, we made a very _____ (good/better/best) meal.
2. We had prepared everything in the _____ (good/better/best) way we could.
3. The food was _____ (delicious/more delicious/most delicious) than anything we have ever tasted before.
4. But it was _____ expensive than many other meals. (little/less/least).
5. We spent the _____ time we have ever spent on having a meal. (long/longer/longest)

5)

Put the words into the correct order.

Sæt ordene i den rigtige rækkefølge.

Oqaatsit inissitikkitt tulleriinnerit eqqortunngortillugit.



Example:

they football ~~After~~ to club the work went

After work they went to the football club / They went to the football club after work /

After the football club they went to work / They went to work after the football club

1. works behind blue ~~Marie~~ building the

Marie _____

2. Atlantic in sailor a ~~The~~ crossed boat the

The _____

3. Arctic an event Race ~~The~~ exhausting is Circle

The _____

4. sport + the Nuuk 5 in years spent at college

I _____

5. half exercise an must hour ~~You~~ for

You _____



6)

Read the text and answer the questions.

Læs teksten og svar på spørgsmålene.

Allakkiaq atuaruk apeqqutillu akillugit.

Arctic Circle Race is called the world's toughest ski race because of the distance and the landscape.

Information in Greenlandic and English for skiers from many different countries can be found at the website www.acr.gl.

The total race distance for adults is 160 km.

The short Miki Race is primarily for children and young people not only from Sisimiut but also the rest of Greenland.

Skiers must sleep in 2-man and 3-man tents in a camp in the mountains.

At the drinking stations the skiers must drink as much as possible.

Skiers are not allowed to drop litter (plastic, bottles, paper etc.) along the route.

Each skier must bring a small rucksack containing important things such as sunglasses and extra clothes.

And all skiers must bring a first-aid kit with them.

Source: <http://www.acr.gl/>

Answer the questions.

Besvar spørgsmålene.

Apeqquittit akikkit.

1. What makes Arctic Circle Race a very tough ski race?

2. Why is the website www.arc.gl written in English too?

3. Is the Miki Race only for children and young people from Sisimiut?

4. What must skiers do?

5. What must skiers not do?
